# [Published in the Gazette of India, Part-II, Section-3, Sub-section (i)] Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change

#### Notification

New Delhi, the 18<sup>th</sup> March, 2016

**G.S.R 320(E).**— Whereas the Plastic Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011 published <u>vide</u> notification number S.O 249 (E), dated 4<sup>th</sup> February, 2011 by the Government of India in the erstwhile Ministry of Environment and Forests, as amended from time to time, provided a regulatory frame work for management of plastic waste generated in the country;

And whereas, to implement these rules more effectively and to give thrust on plastic waste minimization, source segregation, recycling, involving waste pickers, recyclers and waste processors in collection of plastic waste fraction either from households or any other source of its generation or intermediate material recovery facility and adopt polluter's pay principle for the sustainability of the waste management system, the Central Government reviewed the existing rules;

And whereas, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986),the draft rules, namely, the Plastic Waste Management, Rules, 2015 were published by the Government of India in the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change *vide* number G.S.R. 423(E), dated the 25<sup>th</sup> May, 2015 in the Gazette of India, inviting objections and suggestions from all persons likely to be affected thereby, before the expiry of a period of sixty days from the date on which copies of the Gazette containing the said notification were made available to the public;

And Whereas copies of the said Gazette were made available to the public on the  $25^{th}$  May, 2015;

And Whereas the objections and suggestions received within the said period from the public in respect of the said draft rules have been duly considered by the Central Government;

NOW, Therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 3,6 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986), and in supersession of the Plastic Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011, except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such supersession, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

- **1. Short title and commencement.-**(1)These rules shall be called the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016.
- (1) Save as otherwise provided in these rules, they shall come into force on the date of their

publication in the Official Gazette.

- **2. Application.-(1)** These rules shall apply to every waste generator, local body, Gram Panchayat, manufacturer, Importers and producer.
- (2) The rule 4 shall not apply to the export oriented units or units in special economic zones, notified by the Central Government, manufacturing their products against an order for export: Provide this exemption shall not apply to units engaged in packaging of gutkha, tobacco and pan masala and also to any surplus or rejects, left over products and the like.
- **Definitions.** In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires.-
- (a) "Act" means the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986);
- (b) **"brand owner"** means a person or company who sells any commodity under a registered brand label.
- (c) "carry bags" mean bags made from plastic material or compostable plastic material, used for the purpose of carrying or dispensing commodities which have a self carrying feature but do not include bags that constitute or form an integral part of the packaging in which goods are sealed prior to use.
- (d) "commodity" means tangible item that may be bought or sold and includes all marketable goods or wares;
- (e) "**compostable plastics**" mean plastic that undergoes degradation by biological processes during composting to yield CO<sub>2</sub>, water, inorganic compounds and biomass at a rate consistent with other known compostable materials, excluding conventional petro-based plastics, and does not leave visible, distinguishable or toxic residue;
- (f) "consent" means the consent to establish and operate from the concerned State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee granted under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (6 of 1974), and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (14 of 1981);
- (g) "disintegration" means the physical breakdown of a material into very small fragments;
- (h) **"extended producer's responsibility"** means the responsibility of a producer for the environmentally sound management of the product until the end of its life;
- (i) "food-stuffs" mean ready to eat food products, fast food, processed or cooked food in liquid, powder, solid or semi-solid form;

- (j) "facility" means the premises used for collection, Storage, recycling, processing and disposal of plastic waste;
- (k) "importer" means a person who imports or intends to import and holds an Importer Exporter Code number, unless otherwise specifically exempted.
- (l) **"institutional waste generator"** means and includes occupier of the institutional buildings such as building occupied by Central Government Departments, State Government Departments, public or private sector companies, hospitals, schools, colleges, universities or other places of education, organisation, academy, hotels, restaurants, malls and shopping complexes;
- (m) "manufacturer" means and include a person or unit or agency engaged in production of plastic raw material to be used as raw material by the producer.
- (n) "multilayered packaging" means any material used or to be used for packaging and having at least one layer of plastic as the main ingredients in combination with one or more layers of materials such aspaper, paper board, polymeric materials, metalised layers or aluminium foil, either in the form of a laminate or co-extruded structure;
- (o) **"plastic"** means material which contains as an essential ingredient a high polymer such as polyethylene terephthalate, high density polyethylene, Vinyl, low density polyethylene, polypropylene, polystyrene resins, multi-materials like acrylonitrile butadiene styrene, polyphenylene oxide, polycarbonate, Polybutylene terephthalate;
- (p) "plastic sheet" means Plastic sheet is the sheet made of plastic;
- (q) "plastic waste" means any plastic discarded after use or after their intended use is over;
- (r) "prescribed authority" means the authorities specified in rule 12;
- (s) **"producer"** means persons engaged in manufacture or import of carry bags or multilayered packaging or plastic sheets or like, and includes industries or individuals using plastic sheets or like or covers made of plastic sheets or multilayered packaging for packaging or wrapping the commodity;
- (i) "recycling" means the process of transforming segregated plastic waste into a new product or raw material for producing new products;
- (t) "registration" means registration with the State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee concerned, as the case may be;

- (u) "street vendor" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (l) of subsection (1) of Section 2 of the Street Vendors (Protection of Livelihood and Regulation of Street Vending) Act, 2014 (7 of 2014);
- (v) "local body" means urban local body with different nomenclature such as municipal corporation, municipality, nagarpalika, nagarnigam, nagarpanchayat, municipal council including notified area committee (NAC) and not limited to or any other local body constituted under the relevant statutes such as gram panchayat, where the management of plastic waste is entrusted to such agency;
- (w) "virgin plastic" means plastic material which has not been subjected to use earlier and has also not been blended with scrap or waste;
- (x) "waste generator" means and includes every person or group of persons or institution, residential and commercial establishments including Indian Railways, Airport, Port and Harbour and Defense establishments which generate plastic waste;
- (y) "waste management" means the collection, storage, transportation reduction, re-use, recovery, recycling, composting or disposal of plastic waste in an environmentally safe manner;
- (z) "waste pickers" mean individuals or agencies, groups of individuals voluntarily engaged or authorised for picking of recyclable plastic waste.
- **4. Conditions.-** (1) The manufacture, importer stocking, distribution, sale and use of carry bags, plastic sheets or like, or cover made of plastic sheet and multilayered packaging, shall be subject to the following conditions, namely:-
- a) carry bags and plastic packaging shall either be in natural shade which is without any added pigments or made using only those pigments and colourants which are in conformity with Indian Standard: IS 9833:1981 titled as "List of pigments and colourants for use in plastics in contact with foodstuffs, pharmaceuticals and drinking water", as amended from time to time;
- b) Carry bags made of recycled plastic or products made of recycled plastic shall not be used for storing, carrying, dispensing or packaging ready to eat or drink food stuff';
- c) carry bag made of virgin or recycled plastic, shall not be less than fifty microns in thickness;
- d) plastic sheet or like, which is not an integral part of multilayered packaging and cover made of plastic sheet used for packaging, wrapping the commodity shall not be less than fifty microns in thickness except where the thickness of such plastic sheets

impair the functionality of the product;

- e) the manufacturer shall not sell or provide or arrange plastic to be used as raw material to a producer, not having valid registration from the concerned State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committee;
- f) sachets using plastic material shall not be used for storing, packing or selling gutkha, tobacco and pan masala;
- g) recycling of plastic waste shall conform to the Indian Standard: IS 14534:1998 titled as Guidelines for Recycling of Plastics, as amended from time to time;
- h) The provision of thickness shall not be applicable to carry bags made up of compostable plastic. Carry bags made from compostable plastics shall conform to the Indian Standard: IS 17088:2008 titled as Specifications for Compostable Plastics, as amended from time to time. The manufacturers or seller of compostable plastic carry bags shall obtain a certificate from the Central Pollution Control Board before marketing or selling; and
- i) plastic material, in any form including Vinyl Acetate Maleic Acid Vinyl Chloride Copolymer, shall not be used in any package for packaging gutkha, pan masala and tobacco in all forms.
- **5. Plastic waste management.-** (1) The plastic waste management by the urban local bodies in their respective jurisdiction shall be as under:-
- (a) plastic waste, which can be recycled, shall be channelized to registered plastic waste recycler and recycling of plastic shall conform to the Indian Standard: IS 14534:1998 titled as Guidelines for Recycling of Plastics, as amended from time to time.
- (b) local bodies shall encourage the use of plastic waste (preferably the plastic waste which cannot be further recycled) for road construction as per Indian Road Congress guidelines or energy recovery or waste to oil etc. The standards and pollution control norms specified by the prescribed authority for these technologies shall be complied with.
- (c) Thermo set plastic waste shall be processed and disposed off as per the guidelines issued from time to time by the Central Pollution Control Board.
- (d) The inert from recycling or processing facilities of plastic waste shall be disposed of in compliance with the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2000 or as amended from time to time.

- **6. Responsibility of local body.-** (1) Every local body shall be responsible for development and setting up of infrastructure for segregation, collection, storage, transportation, processing and disposal of the plastic waste either on its own or by engaging agencies or producers.
- (2) The local body shall be responsible for setting up, operationalisation and coordination of the waste management system and for performing the associated functions, namely:-
  - (a) Ensuring segregation, collection, storage, transportation, processing and disposal of plastic waste;
  - (b) ensuring that no damage is caused to the environment during this process;
  - (c) ensuring channelization of recyclable plastic waste fraction to recyclers;
  - (d) ensuring processing and disposal on non-recyclable fraction of plastic waste in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Central Pollution Control Board;
  - (e) creating awareness among all stakeholders about their responsibilities;
  - (f) engaging civil societies or groups working with waste pickers; and
  - (g) ensuring that open burning of plastic waste does not take place.
- (3) The local body for setting up of system for plastic waste management shall seek assistance of producers and such system shall be set up within one year from the date of final publication of these rules in the Official Gazaette of India.
- (4) The local body to frame bye-laws incorporating the provisions of these rules.
- **7. Responsibility of Gram Panchayat**.- (1) Every gram panchayat either on its own or by engaging an agency shall set up, operationalise and co-ordinate for waste management in the rural area under their control and for performing the associated functions, namely,-
  - (a) ensuring segregation, collection, storage, transportation, plastic waste and channelization of recyclable plastic waste fraction to recyclers having valid registration; ensuring that no damage is caused to the environment during this process;
  - (b) creating awareness among all stakeholders about their responsibilities; and
  - (c) ensuring that open burning of plastic waste does not take place
- **8. Responsibility of waste generator.-** (1) The waste generator shall.-
- (a) take steps to minimize generation of plastic waste and segregate plastic waste at source in accordance with the Solid Waste Management Rules, 2000 or as amended from time to time.
- (b) not litter the plastic waste and ensure segregated storage of waste at source and handover segregated waste to urban local body or gram panchayat or agencies

appointed by them or registered waste pickers', registered recyclers or waste collection agencies;

- (2) All institutional generators of plastic waste, shall segregate and store the waste generated by them in accordance with the Municipal Solid Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000 notified vide S.O 908(E) dated the 25th September, 2000 under the Act or amendment from time to time and handover segregated wastes to authorized waste processing or disposal facilities or deposition centers either on its own or through the authorized waste collection agency.
- (3) All waste generators shall pay such user fee or charge as may be specified in the byelaws of the local bodies for plastic waste management such as waste collection or operation of the facility thereof, etc.;
- (4) Every person responsible for organising an event in open space, which involves service of food stuff in plastic or multilayered packaging shall segregate and manage the waste generated during such events in accordance with the Municipal Solid Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2000 notified vide S.O 908(E) dated the 25th September, 2000 under the Act or amendment from time to time.
- **9. Responsibility of producers, Importers and Brand Owners.-** (1) The producers, within a period of six months from the date of publication of these rules, shall work out modalities for waste collection system based on Extended Producers Responsibility and involving State Urban Development Departments, either individually or collectively, through their own distribution channel or through the local body concerned.
- (2) Primary responsibility for collection of used multi-layered plastic sachet or pouches or packaging is of Producers, Importers and Brand Owners who introduce the products in the market. They need to establish a system for collecting back the plastic waste generated due to their products. This plan of collection to be submitted to the State Pollution Control Boards while applying for Consent to Establish or Operate or Renewal. The Brand Owners whose consent has been renewed before the notification of these rules shall submit such plan within one year from the date of notification of these rules and implement with two years thereafter.
- (3) manufacture and use of non- recyclable multilayered plastic if any should be phased out in Two years time.
- (4) The producer, within a period of three months from the date of final publication of these rules in the Official Gazette shall apply to the Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committee, as the case may be, of the States or the Union Territories administration concerned, for grant of registration.
- (5) No producer shall on and after the expiry of a period of Six Months from the date of final publication of these rules in the Official Gazette manufacture or use any plastic or

multilayered packaging for packaging of commodities without registration from the concerned State Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committees.

- (6) Every producer shall maintain a record of details of the person engaged in supply of plastic used as raw material to manufacture carry bags or plastic sheet or like or cover made of plastic sheet or multilayered packaging.
- 10. Protocols for compostable plastic materials. Determination of the degree of degradability and degree of disintegration of plastic material shall be as per the protocols of the Indian Standards listed in Schedule-I to these rules.
- **11. Marking or labelling.**-(1) Each plastic carry bag and multilayered packaging shall have the following information printed in English namely,-
  - (a) name, registration number of the manufacturer and thickness in case of carry bag;
  - (b) name and registration number of the manufacturer in case of multilayered packaging; and
  - (c) name and certificate number [Rule 4(h)] in case of carry bags made from compostable plastic
- (2) Each recycled carry bag shall bear a label or a mark "recycled" as shown below and shall conform to the Indian Standard: IS 14534: 1998 titled as "Guidelines for Recycling of Plastics", as amended from time to time;



NOTE: PET-Polyethylene terephthalate, HDPE-High density polyethylene, V-Vinyl (PVC), LDPE- Low density polyethylene, PP-Polypropylene, PS-Polystyrene and Other means all other resins and multi-materials like ABS (Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene), PPO (Polyphenylene oxide), PC (Polycarbonate), PBT (Polybutylene terephalate) etc.

Each carry bag made from compostable plastics shall bear a label "compostable" and shall conform to the Indian Standard : IS or ISO 17088:2008 titled as Specifications for "Compostable Plastics".

**12. Prescribed authority.-** (1) The State Pollution Control Board and Pollution Control Committee in respect of a Union territory shall be the authority for enforcement of the

provisions of these rules relating to registration, manufacture of plastic products and multilayered packaging, processing and disposal of plastic wastes.

- (2) The concerned Secretary-in-charge of Urban Development of the State or a Union Territory shall be the authority for enforcement of the provisions of these rules relating to waste management by waste generator, use of plastic carry bags, plastic sheets or like, covers made of plastic sheets and multilayered packaging.
- (3) The concerned Gram Panchayat shall be the authority for enforcement of the provisions of these rules relating to waste management by the waste generator, use of plastic carry bags, plastic sheets or like, covers made of plastic sheets and multilayered packaging in the rural area of the State or a Union Territory.
- (4) The authorities referred to in sub-rules (1) to (3) shall take the assistance of the District Magistrate or the Deputy Commissioner within the territorial limits of the jurisdiction of the concerned district in the enforcement of the provisions of these rules.
- **13. Registration of producer, recyclers and manufacturer,-** (1) No person shall manufacture carry bags or recycle plastic bags or multilayered packaging unless the person has obtained a registration from the State Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committee of the Union Territory concerned, as the case may be, prior to the commencement of production;
- (2) Every producer shall, for the purpose of registration or for renewal of registration, make an application to the State Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committee of the Union territory concerned, in Form I
- (3) Every person recycling or processing waste or proposing to recycle or process plastic waste shall make an application to the State Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committee, for grant of registration or renewal of registration for the recycling unit, in Form II.
- (4) Every manufacturer engaged in manufacturer of plastic to be used as raw material by the producer shall make an application to the State Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committee of the Union territory concerned, for the grant of registration or for the renewal of registration, in Form III.
- (5) The State Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committee shall not issue or renew registration to plastic waste recycling or processing units unless the unit possesses a valid consent under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (6 of 1974) and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (14 of 1981) along with a certificate of registration issued by the District Industries Centre or any other Government agency authorised in this regard.

- (6) The State Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committee shall not renew registration of producer unless the producer possesses and action plan endorsed by the Secretary in charge of Urban Development of the concerned State or Union Territory for setting of plastic waste management system.
- (7) On receipt of the application complete in all respects for the registration for recycling or processing of plastic waste under sub-rule (3), the State Pollution Control Board may, after such inquiry as it considers necessary and on being satisfied that the applicant possesses appropriate facilities, technical capabilities and equipment to handle plastic waste safely, may grant registration to the applicant on fulfilment of the conditions as may be laid down in terms of registration.
- (8) Every State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee shall take a decision on the grant of registration within ninety days of receipt of an application which is complete in all respects.
- (9) The registration granted under this rule shall initially be valid for a period of one year, unless revoked, suspended or cancelled and shall subsequently be granted for three years.
- (10) State Pollution Control Board or the Pollution Control Committees shall not revoke, suspend or cancel registration without providing the opportunity of a hearing to the producer or person engaged in recycling or processing of plastic wastes.
- (11) Every application for renewal of registration shall be made at least one hundred twenty days before the expiry of the validity of the registration certificate.
- **14. Responsibility of retailers and street vendors- (1)** Retailers or street vendors shall not sell or provide commodities to consumer in carry bags or plastic sheet or multilayered packaging, which are not manufactured and labelled or marked, as per prescribed under these rules.
- (2) Every retailers or street vendors selling or providing commodities in, plastic carry bags or multilayered packaging or plastic sheets or like or covers made of plastic sheets which are not manufactured or labelled or marked in accordance with these rules shall be liable to pay such fines as specified under the bye-laws of the local bodies.
- 15. Explicit pricing of carry bags.- (1) The shopkeepers and street vendors willing to provide plastic carry bags for dispensing any commodity shall register with local body. The local body shall, within a period of six months from the date of final publication of these rules ion the Official Gazette of India notification of these rules, by notification or an order under their appropriate state statute or byelaws shall make provisions for such registration on payment of plastic waste management fee of minimum rupees forty eight thousand @ rupees four thousand per month. The concerned local body may prescribe higher plastic waste

management fee, depending upon the sale capacity. The registered shop keepers shall display at prominent place that plastic carry bags are given on payment.

- (2) Only the registered shopkeepers or street vendors shall be eligible to provide plastic carry bags for dispensing the commodities.
- (3) The local body shall utilize the amount paid by the customers for the carry bags exclusively for the sustainability of the waste management system within their jurisdictions.
- **16. State Level Monitoring Committee.-** (1) The State government or the union Territory shall, for the purpose of effective monitoring of implementation of these rules, constitute a State Level Advisory Committee consisting of the following persons, namely;-

the Secretary, Department of Urban Development	- Chairman
Director from State Department of Environment	- Member
Member Secretary from State Pollution Control Board	
or Pollution Control Committee	- Member
Municipal Commissioner	- Member
one expert from Local Body	- Member
one expert from Non-Governmental	
involved in Waste Management	- Member
Commissioner, Value Added Tax or his nominee,	-
Member	
Sales Tax Commissioner or Officer	- Member
representative of Plastic Association,	
Drug Manufacturers Association,	
Chemical Manufacturers Association	- Member
one expert from the field of Industry	- Member and
one expert from the field of academic institution	- Member
	Director from State Department of Environment Member Secretary from State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee Municipal Commissioner one expert from Local Body one expert from Non-Governmental involved in Waste Management Commissioner, Value Added Tax or his nominee, Member Sales Tax Commissioner or Officer representative of Plastic Association, Drug Manufacturers Association, Chemical Manufacturers Association one expert from the field of Industry

The State Level Advisory Body shall meet at least once in Six Month and may invite experts, if it considers necessary.

Director, Municipal Administration-Convener

(1)

- **17. Annual reports.-** (1) Every person engaged in recycling or processing of plastic waste shall prepare and submit an annual report in Form-IV to the local body concerned under intimation to the concerned State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee by the 30<sup>th</sup> April, of every year.
- (2) Every local body shall prepare and submit an annual report in Form –V to the concerned Secretary-in-charge of the Urban Development Department under intimation to the concerned State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee by the 30<sup>th</sup> June, everyyear.

- (3) Each State Pollution Control Board or Pollution Control Committee shall prepare and submit an annual report in Form VI to the CPCB on the implementation of these rules by the 31<sup>st</sup> July, of every year.
- (4) The CPCB shall prepare a consolidated annual report on the use and management of plastic waste and forward it to the Central Government along with its recommendations before the 31<sup>st</sup> August of every year.

### **Schedule-I**

[See rule 10]

1.	IS / ISO 14851: 1999 Determination of the ultimate aerobic biodegradability of plastic materials in an aqueous medium-Method by measuring the oxygen demand in a closed Respirometer
2.	IS / ISO 14852: 1999 Determination of the ultimate aerobic biodegradability of plastic materials in an aqueous medium-Method by analysis of evolved carbon dioxide
3.	IS / ISO 14853: 2005 Plastics- Determination of the ultimate anaerobic biodegradation of plastic materials in an aqueous system-Method by measurement of biogas production
4.	IS /ISO 14855-1: 2005 Determination of the ultimate aerobic biodegradability of plastic materials under controlled composting conditions-Method by analysis of evolved carbon dioxide (Part-1 General method)
5.	IS / ISO 14855-2: 2007 Determination of the ultimate aerobic biodegradability of plastic materials under controlled composting conditions-Method by analysis of evolved carbon dioxide (Part-2: Gravimetric measurement of carbon dioxide evolved in a laboratory- scale test )
6.	IS / ISO 15985: 2004 Plastics- Determination of the ultimate anaerobic biodegradation and disintegration under high-solids anaerobic digestion conditions- Methods by analysis of released biogas
7.	IS /ISO 16929: 2002 Plastics- Determination of degree of disintegration of plastic materials under defined composting conditions in a pilot - scale test
8.	IS / ISO 17556: 2003 Plastics- Determination of ultimate aerobic biodegradability in soil by measuring the oxygen demand in a Respirometer or the amount of carbon dioxide evolved
9.	IS / ISO 20200:2004 Plastics- Determination of degree of disintegration of plastic materials under simulated composting conditions in a laboratory - scale test

### FORM - I

[See rules 13 (2)]

### APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION FOR PRODUCERS or Brand Owners

From:	······································
	(Name and full address of the occupier)
То	T ,
	The Member Secretary,
	Sir,

I /We hereby apply for registration under rule 9 of the Plastic Waste Management  $\,$  Rules,  $\,$  2015

### 1. Producers

	PART – A	
	GENERAL	
1.(a)	Name and location of the unit	
(b)	Address of the unit	
(c)	Registration required for manufacturing of:	
	(i) Carry bags;	
	(a) petro- based,	
	(b) Compostable	
	(ii) Multilayered plastics	
(d)	Manufacturing capacity	
(e)	In case of renewal, previous registration number	
	and date of registration	
2.	Is the unit registered with the District Industries	
	Centre of the State Government or Union	
	territory? If yes, attach a copy.	
3.(a)	Total capital invested on the project	
(b)	Year of commencement of production	
4. (a)	List and quantum of products and by-products	
(b)	List and quantum of raw materials used	
5.	Furnish a flow diagram of manufacturing process	
	showing input and output in terms of products and	
	waste generated including for captive power	

	generation and water.	
6.	Status of compliance with these rules- Thickness –	
	fifty micron (Yes/No)	
	PART – B	
PER'	ΓAINING TO LIQUID EFFLUENT AND GASEOU	S EMISSIONS
7.	(a) Does the unit have a valid consent under the	
	Water (Prevention and control of Pollution)	
	Act, 1974 (6 of 1974)?	
	If yes, attach a copy	
	(b) Does the unit have a valid consent under the	
	Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act,	
	1981 (14 of 1981)?	
	If yes, attach a copy	
	PART – C	
	PERTAINING TO WASTE	
8.	Solid Wastes or rejects:	
	(a) Total quantum of waste generated	
	(b) Mode of storage within the plant	
	(c) Provision made for disposal of wastes	
9.	Attach or Provide list of person supplying plastic	
	to be used as raw material to manufacture carry	
	bags or plastic sheet of like or multilayered	
	packaging	
10.	Attach or provide list of personnel or brand	
	Owners to whom the products will be supplied	
11.	Action plan on collecting back the plastic wastes	
		Name and Signature
		Designation
Date:		
Place:		

### II Brand Owners:

	PART – A
	GENERAL
1.	Name, address and Contact number
2	In case of renewal, previous registration number
	and date of registration
3	Is the unit registered with the District Industries
	Centre of the State Government or Union

	territory? If yes, attach a copy.	
4.(a)	Total capital invested on the project	
(b)	Year of commencement of production	
5. (a)	List and quantum of products and by-products	
(b)	List and quantum of raw materials used	
	PART – B	
PERT	CAINING TO LIQUID EFFLUENT AND GASEOU	S EMISSIONS
5	Does the unit have a valid consent under the	
	Water (Prevention and control of Pollution)	
	Act, 1974 (6 of 1974)?	
	If yes, attach a copy	
6	Does the unit have a valid consent under the	
	Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act,	
	1981 (14 of 1981)?	
	If yes, attach a copy	
	PART – C	
	PERTAINING TO WASTE	
7.	Solid Wastes or rejects:	
	(c) Total quantum of waste generated	
	(d) Mode of storage within the plant	
	(d) Provision made for disposal of wastes	
8.	Attach or Provide list of person supplying plastic	
	material	
9	Action plan on collecting back the plastic wastes	
		Name and Signature
		Designation
D .		
Date:		
DI		
Place:		

# FORM - II

[see rule 13 (3)]

# APPLICATION FORM FOR REGISTRATION OF UNITS ENGAGED IN PROCESSING OR RECYCLING OF PLASTIC WASTE

1.	Name and Address of the					
	unit					
2.	Contact person with					
	designation, Tel./Fax					
	/email					
	D. C.					
3.	Date of commencement					
4.	No. of workers (including					
٦.	contract labour)					
5.	,	a. Water (Pre	venti	on & Control	of Pollution) A	ct. 1974:
						, ,
		-				
	1	b. Air (Preve	ntion	& Control of	Pollution) Act,	1981;
		Valid up to				
				valid up to		
6.	_			=	the manufactu	ring process
		flow diagram	i for e	ach product.		
7.	Products and installed	I	Produ	ets	Installed	l capacity
	capacity of production					
	(MTA)		<b>1</b>	1		T
8.	Waste Management:		S	Type	Category	Qty.
	***		No			
	a. Waste generation in	processing	(i)			
	plastic-waste		(ii)			
			(iii)			
	1 W . C 11	•	, ,			
	b. Waste Collection and tra	insportation				
	(attach details) c. Waste Disposal details		S	Typa	Category	Otsz
	c. waste Disposal details		No	Type	Category	Qty
			(i)			
			(1)			

		(ii)			
	d. Provide details of the disposal				
	facility, whether the facility is				
	authorized by SPCB or PCC				
	e. Please attach analysis report of				
	characterization of waste generated				
	(including leachate test if applicable)				
9.	Details of plastic waste proposed to be	` ′	lame		
	acquired through sale, auction, contract	(ii) <b>(</b>	Quantity requir	red /year	
	or import, as the case may be, for use as				
10	raw material				
10.	Occupational safety and health aspects	Plea	se provide det	ails of facilitie	S
11.	Pollution Control Measures				
	Whether the unit has adequate pollution	If Y	es, please furn	ish details	
	control systems or equipment to meet				
	the standards of emission or effluent.				
	Whether unit is in compliance with			Yes/No	
	conditions laid down in the said rules.				
	Whether conditions exist or are likely to			Yes/No	
	exist of the material being handled or				
	processed posing adverse immediate or				
	delayed impacts on the environment.				
	Whether conditions exist (or are likely			Yes/No	
	to exist) of the material being handled				
	or processed by any means capable of				
	yielding another material (e.g. leachate)				
12.	which may possess eco-toxicity.  Any other relevant information				
12.	Any other relevant information including fire or accident mitigative				
	measures				
13.	List of enclosures as per rule				
13.	List of eliciosures as per fule				

TA T	1	α.	
Name	and	Signatur	ρ
ranic	anu	Digitatui	u

Date	:
Place	:

# FORM - III

[See rules 13(4)]

# APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION FOR MANUFACTURERS of plastic raw materials

From: .....

TT.	(Name and full address of the	e occupier)
	The Member Secretary,	ntrol Committee
I/We he	ereby apply for registration under the Plastic Waste Mana	gement Rules, 2011
	PART – A	
	GENERAL	
1.(a)	Name and location of the unit	
(b)	Address of the unit	
(c)	In case of renewal, previous registration number	
	and date of registration	
2.	Is the unit registered with the DIC or DCSSI of	
	the State Government or Union territory? If yes,	
	attach a copy.	
3.(a)	Total capital invested on the project	
(b)	Year of commencement of production	
(c)	List of producers and quantum of raw materials	
	supplied to producers	
		Name and Signature
		Designation
Date:		-
Place:		

# Form - IV

[See rules 17 (1)]

# Format of Annual Report by Operator of plastic waste processing or recycling Facility to the Local Body

# **Period of Reporting:**

(1)	Name and Address of operator of the facility	
(2)	Name of officer in-charge of the facility (Telephone/Fax/Mobile/ E-mail)	
(3)	Capacity:	
(4)	Technologies used for management of plastic waste:	
(5)	Quantity of plastic waste received during the year being reported upon along with the source	
(6)	Quantity of plastic waste processed (in tons): - Plastic waste recycled(in tons) - Plastic waste processed (in tons) - Used (in tons)	
(7)	Quantity of inert or rejects sent for final disposal to landfill sites:	
(8)	Details of land fill facility to which inert or rejects were sent for final disposal: - Address -Telephone	
(9)	Attach status of compliance to environmental conditions, if any specified during grant of Consent or registration	

Signature of Operator

Dated : Place:

Form - V
[See rules 17(2)]

### FORMAT FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON PLASTIC WASTE MANAGEMENT TO BE SUBMITTED BY THE LOCAL BODY

### **Period of Reporting:**

(1)	Name of the City or Town and State:	
(2)	Population	
(3)	Area in sq. kilometers	
(4)	Name & Address of Local body	
	Telephone No.	
	Fax No.	
	E-mail:	
(5)	Total Numbers of the wards in the area under	
	jurisdiction	
(6)	Total Numbers of Households in the area under	
	jurisdiction	
(7)	Number of households covered by door to door	
	collection	
(8)	Total number of commercial establishments and	
	Institutions in the area under jurisdiction	
	-Commercial establishments	
	- Institutions	
(9)	Number of commercial establishments and	
	Institutions covered by door to door collection	
	-Commercial establishments	
	- Institutions	
(10)	Summary of the mechanisms put in place for	
	management of plastic waste in the area under	
	jurisdiction along with the details of agencies	
(4.4)	involved in door to door collection	
(11)	Attach details of infrastructure put in place for	
	management of plastic waste generated in the area	
(12)	under jurisdiction	
(12)	Attach details of infrastructure required, if any along	
(12)	with justification  Overtity of Plastic Wests, generated during the year	
(13)	Quantity of Plastic Waste generated during the year from area under jurisdiction (in tons)	
(14)	Quantity of Plastic Waste collected during the year	
(1+)	from area under jurisdiction (in tons)	
(15)	Quantity of plastic waste channelized for recycling	
(13)	during the year (in tons)	
l	ading the jour (in tone)	

(16)	Quantity of plastic waste channelized for use during	
	the year (in tons)	
(17)	Quantity of inert or rejects sent to landfill sites during	
	the year (in tons)	
(18)	Details of each of facilities used for processing and	
	disposal of plastic waste	
	Facility-I	
	i) Name of operator	
	ii) Address with Telephone Number or Mobile	
	iii) Capacity	
	iv) Technology Used	
	v) Registration Number	
	vi) Validity of Registration (up to)	
	Facility-II	
	i) Name of operator	
	ii) Address with Telephone Number or Mobile	
	iii) Capacity	
	iv) Technology Used	
	v) Registration Number	
	Validity of Registration (up to)	
(19)	Give details of:	
	Local body's own manpower deployed for collection	
	including street sweeping, secondary storage,	
	transportation, processing and disposal of waste.	
(20)	Give details of:	
	Contractor or concessionaire's manpower deployed	
	for collection including street sweeping, secondary	
	storage, transportation, processing and disposal of	
	waste.	
(21)	Mention briefly, the difficulties being experienced by	
	the local body in complying with provisions of these	
	rules including the financial constrains, if any	
(22)	Whether an Action Plan has been prepared for	
	improving solid waste management practices in the	
	city? If yes (attach copy)	
	Date of revision:	

Signature of CEO or Municipal Commissioner or Executive Officer or Chief Officer

Date:	
Place:	

Form-VI
STATE-WISE STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF PLASTIC WASTE MANAGEMENT RULES, 2016 FOR THE YEAR ... ANNUAL
REPORT Format

Name	Estimated	No. Of	registered	Plastic	No. of	Details of	Partial or	Status of	Explici	Details of	No. of	Number of
of the	Plastic	Manufa	acturing or	•	Unregistere	Plastic Waste	complete	Marking	t	the meeting	violation	Municipal
SPCB	Waste	Recycli	ng (includi	ng	d plastic	Management	ban on	Labelling on	Pricin	of State	s and	Authority or
or	generation	multila	yer, compo	stable)	manufactur	(PWM) e.g.	usages of	carry bags	g of	Level	action	Gram
PCC	Tons Per	units. (1	Rule 9)		ing	Collection,	Plastic	(Rule 8)	carry	Advisory	taken on	Panchayatun
	Annum				Recycling	Segregation,	Carry Bags	[Specify the	bags	Body (SLA)	non-	der
	(TPA)				units. (in	Disposal	(through	number of	(Rule	along with	complia	jurisdiction
					residential	(Co-processing	Executive	units or not	10)	its	nce of	and
		Plasti	Compo	Multilay	or	road	Order) (	complied)co		recommend	provisio	Submission of
		c	stable	er	unapproved	construction	Attach copy	mplied		ations on	ns of	Annual
		units	Plastic	Plastic	areas)	etc.) (Rules 6)	of			Implementa	these	Report to
			Units	units		(Attach	notification			tion (Rule	Rules	CPCB
						separate sheet)	or executive			11)		(Rule 12)
							order)					
(1)	(2)		(3)	•	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)

[F.No. 17-2/2001-HSMD]

Bishwanath Sinha Joint Secretary to Government of India



### GOVERNMENT OF KERALA Abstract

Environment Department – Blanket ban on single-use plastic (disposable plastic) in the State of Kerala w.e.f 1.1.2020 issued vide G.O(MS)6/2019/Env dt 27.11.2019-Modifications and detailed clarifications -Orders issued

#### Environment (B) Department

G.O.(Ms) No.7 / 2019/Envt.

Dated, Thiruvananthapuram: 17.12.2019

Read:

- 1. G.O(MS) 6/2019-Envt dt 27.11.2019
- 2. Notification Number S.O. 152 (E) dated 10.02.1988, issued by Govt. of India

#### ORDER

Right after the inception of Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016 the State Government have imposed strict restriction on the use and sale of plastic carry bags less than 50 microns to facilitate collection and recycle of such plastic. State Government have already taken all possible steps with regard to setting up of facilities for collection, segregation and disposal of all kinds of wastes including Plastic Waste. But the uncontrolled and irresponsible usage of plastic have been posing environmental as well as health hazards. The plastic items are mostly ending up in rivers and water bodies making even recycling impossible. The ecological system and specifically the marine ecology are disturbed. The grim situation was never been more evident than the after flood situation in Kerala witnessing heap of plastic bottles/debris reaching shores from sea and lakes. The alarming situation has reached a level where the trans generational equality is threatened. The menace of plastic is also a well documented one and with the general sentiment against plastic, more than ten states have already banned the manufacture, storage, sale and use of single use (disposable) plastic items. Government of India is also exhorting State Governments to come up with innovative steps to minimize the use of Single use Plastic.

2. Numerous cases were being filed before the National Green Tribunal and High Court by many NGOs and individuals praying for direction to take steps to ban single use plastic. Especially in OA 606/2014 filed by Almitra Patel the NGT directed to phase out the use of PVC/flex items. A WPC 5636/2016 was filed by All Kerala River Protection Council on the same and the High Court have been specific directing State Government to consider steps to phase out plastic especially Single use (disposable plastic) items.

- 3. As per Section 23 of the Environment Protection Act 1986, the Central Government have issued a Notification No.S.O-152(E) dt 10.2.1988 delegating its powers to invoke the provisions of Section 5 of the Environment (Protection ) Act, 1986 to all the State Governments including Kerala, whereby State Government is empowered to issue directions for the closure, prohibition, or regulation of any industry.
- Despite continuous genuine attempts made by various NGOs, media houses, Municipal Corporations to create awareness and reduce and regulate the use of PVC products and one-time use of plastic products, all these products still tend to end up in various water bodies, rivers, drains and finally the oceans. The Local Self Government Department through the Suchitwa Mission, has been promoting Green Protocol for the last 5 years, which is a programme that stresses on the importance of discarding disposable plastic items and using eco friendly, reusable substitutes. This programme has been implemented in all the Government offices and in all Government functions. Special attention is also being given to implement it in private functions like weddings. State Government is now convinced that the strict implementation of Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016 alone does not mitigate the menace of plastic and on realization of this grim situation have decided to consider to impose a complete ban on single use plastic items in the State invoking the power delegated and now vested with it as per the section (5) of the Environment Protection Act 1986. Government then appointed an Expert technical Committee as per G.O (RT) 134/2018/Envt dt 12.12.2018 to list out the plastic items to be banned and to find substitutes for them. The Expert Technical committee submitted its report to the Government recommending partial ban on some items like PVC, flags and regulation in case of majority of items and to establish a return and earn scheme.
- 5. Government examined the whole matter in detail. Despite all its efforts, there is no respite to the uncontrolled usage of single use plastic. Many of the States have imposed complete as well as partial ban on single use plastic items. The ban is effective in the States where the ban is imposed and have been found to be successful. The report of the Expert Technical Committee was also considered. After detailed scrutiny of the orders/notifications issued in other States where the single use plastic ban is effective and successful, State Government decided vide G.O (MS)6/2019/Envt dt 27.11.2019, to impose a complete ban on the manufacture, storage, transport and sale of following single use items in the State of Kerala wef 1.1.2020.

Sl. No.	Products
1	Plastic carry bags irrespective of thickness
2	Plastic sheets (sheet used as table spread), cling film
3	Plates, cups and decorative materials made of thermocol/ Styrofoam
4	Single use plastic utensils like cups, plates, dishes, spoons, forks, straw, stirrer
5	Plastic -coated items like paper cups, plates, bowl, carry bags
6	Non woven bags, plastic flags, plastic bunting
7	Plastic water pouches, plastic juice packets
8	PET/PETE bottles of drinking water of capacities less than 300 ml.
9	Garbage bags (plastic)
10.	PVC flex materials
11	Plastic packets.

- 6. Following the issuance of the order, industry associations have raised apprehensions and sought more clarity over the items listed for banning.
- 7. Government have examined the whole matter in detail and is hereby issuing a clarification to the Government Order, read as 1st paper above. State Government in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of the Environment Protection Act 1986, (No 29 of 1986) as delegated under section 23 of the said Act by the Central Government vide Notification No S.O 152(E), New Delhi dt 10.2.1988, hereby order as follows:

8. No person or company or entity or industry shall manufacture, transport, store or sell any of the plastic products classified as, single use (one-time use) or other chlorinated plastic products as mentioned in the table below within the territory of State of Kerala with effect from 1.1.2020

S. No.	Product	Remarks
1	Plastic carry bags irrespective of thickness	[No further remarks]
2	Plastic sheets (sheets used as table spread)	Cling film excluded
3	Plates, cups and decorative materials made of Styrofoam or Thermocol	[No further remarks]
4	Single-use plastic utensils like cups, plates, dishes, spoons, forks, straw, stirrer	Cups includes tumblers
5	Plastic-coated paper cups, plastic-coated paper plates, plastic-coated paper bowls, plastic-coated paper bags [No further remarks]	
6	Non woven bags, plastic flags, plastic bunting	[No further remarks]
7	Plastic water pouches, non-branded plastic juice packets	[No further remarks]
8	Plastic juice packets	Branded plastic juice packets will come under EPR regulations
9	PET/PETE bottles of drinking water of capacities less than 500 ml	This is applicable only for drinking water
		Branded juice PET bottles of all sizes and drinking water PET bottles of 500ml and more will come under EPR regulations

10	Garbage bags (Plastic)	[No further remarks]
11	PVC flex materials	[No further remarks]
12	Plastic packets	Clarified in Para No. 10 below

- 9. It is reiterated that plastic carry bags and other single use plastic products used for the following purposes shall be exempted:-
  - i) Plastic products manufactured exclusively for the purpose of Export against any export order in a plastic industry.
  - ii) Plastic products used for medical purposes and medical equipment.
  - iii) Plastic products made from compostable plastic bearing a label 'compostable' and confirming to the Indian Standard IS or ISO 17088: 2008 titled as specification for "Compostable Plastic" as defined in the Plastic Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2016
- 10. The use of plastic packets in retail outlets (including street vendors/hawkers) for packing fruits and vegetables is prohibited. It is clarified that this includes plastic packets used for pre-cut fish and meat as well as pre-weighed quantities of cereals/pulses/sugar/flour etc.
- 11. It is clarified that branded items/products are excluded from the ambit of the ban. With respect to these products, the manufacturers/producers are bound to comply with the Extended Producers Responsibility (EPR plan) submitted to the Kerala State Pollution Control Board. All the producers/retailers/importers are mandated to comply with the EPR guidelines. This includes the Kerala State Beverages Corporation, KERAFED, MILMA, Kerala Water Authority and other PSUs, whose products are sold with plastic packaging. The wastes generated thus has to be dealt as per the EPR plan and is to be channelized through the existing waste collection facilities set up by local bodies. In case of non compliance, strict actions will be taken as per Act/rules in this regard. A detailed guidelines regarding EPR will be issued separately.
- 12. Alternatives to the single-use plastics prohibited by this order, other than compostable plastics which have been allowed by the earlier GO, shall be examined and tested by the Kerala State Pollution Control Board (KSPCB) and recommendations made to Government.

Explanation (1) - "Plastic" means any item mentioned in this order made out of PolyPropylene(PP), non-woven Polypropylene, multi-layer-co-extruder polypropylene, Polyethylene(PE), Poly vinyl chloride (PVC), high and low density polyethylene(HDPE and LDPE), Poly Styrene(PS) which is also called thermocol, Polyamides(nylon), Polyethylene Terephthalate(PET), Polymethyl Methacrylate(PMM) and plastic microbeads and any other plastic microbeads and any other plastic defined as plastic under the Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016

# (2) Carry bags will have the same meaning that is provided in the provisions of Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016

By Order of the Governor
VALSA V.
ADDITIONAL SECRETARY

To

- The Secretary, Ministry of Environment and Climate Change, Govt of India
- 2. All the District Collectors
- 3. All the Department Heads
- 4. All Heads of Public Sector Units /Autonomous bodies
- 5. The Secretary to Governor, Raj Bhavan, Thiruvananthapuram
- 6. The Secretary, Legislative Assembly, Thiruvananthapuram
- 7. The Secretary, Kerala Public Service Commission
- 8. The Registrar, Kerala Administrative Tribunal (including covering letter)
- 9. The Registrar, Kerala High Court, Ernakulam
- 10. The Registrar, Kerala Lokayuktha, Thiruvananthapuram
- 11. The Member Secretary, State Planning Board, Pattom, Thiruvananthapuram
- 12. The Secretary, State Information Commission, Thiruvananthapuram
- 13. The Registrar, Kerala/Calicut/CUSAT/Kannur/Mahatma Gandhi Universities
- 14. The Registrar, Kerala Agriculture University, Mannuthy, Thrissur
- 15. The Registrar, Sree Sankaracharya Sanskrit University, Kalady P.O, Ernakulam
- 16. The Registrar, Kerala University of Health and Allied Science, Thrissur 680596
- The Registrar, Kerala Vetinary & Animal Husbandry Science University, Pookode, Wayanad
- 18. The Registrar, Kerala University of Fisheries and Ocean Studies, Panangad, Kochi
- 19. The Member Secretary, Central Pollution Control Board
- 20. The Member Secretary, State Pollution Control Board
- 21. The Managing Director, Clean Kerala Company
- 22. Executive Director, Suchitwa Mission
- 23. CIPET (Institute of Plastic Technology), Kochi
- 24. Kerala Plastic Manufacturers Association
- All Depts in Government Secretariat (to give direction to all institutions under their control)
- 26. General Administration (SC) Department
- 27. Stock File/Office Copy (Envt.B2/198/2018-Envt)

#### Copy to:-

- 1. Private Secretary to Chief Minister
- 2. Private Secretary to Chief Secretary
- 3. PA to Principal Secretary

Forwarded/By Order

Section Officer